### ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER GOVERNOR

# **HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY**



S. KIMBERLY BELSHÉ SECRETARY

Agency
Departments &
Boards:

Aging

Alcohol and Drug Programs

Child Support Services

Community Services and Development

Developmental Services

Emergency Medical Services Authority

**Health Services** 

Health and Human Services Data Center

Managed Risk Medical Insurance

Mental Health

Rehabilitation

Social Services

Statewide Health Planning and Development

## **MEDI-CAL FACTS**

### General

- Medi-Cal is California's Medicaid program, providing health care coverage for 6.8 million low-income children and parents, pregnant women, seniors and people with disabilities.
- Medi-Cal is jointly funded with federal and state dollars and is administered by the California Department of Health Services.
- According to The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, California ranks 28<sup>th</sup> in the nation in per capita Medicaid expenditures. The state spends less per beneficiary than most other states due to a variety of factors, including program efficiencies and a lower percentage of elderly and disabled beneficiaries.
- While Medi-Cal is one of the most cost-effective Medicaid programs in the nation, continuing growth in health care costs and enrollment threaten the program's long-term financial viability and jeopardize the state's ability to fund other programs.
- Medi-Cal provides health coverage and long-term care assistance to one in six Californians under age 65. Children account for more than half of all Medi-Cal beneficiaries.
- Among California's 6.6 million uninsured individuals (782,000 children), 24 percent may be eligible for Medi-Cal or the Healthy Families Program.

#### **Financial**

- Medi-Cal brought \$19.6 billion in federal funds to California in 2004-05, which was paid to counties, health plans and health care providers.
- The May Revision for the 2005-06 fiscal year includes total Medi-Cal expenditures of \$34.6 billion (\$12.9 billion General Fund). General Fund expenditures for Medi-Cal have increased by \$1 billion, or 9.2 percent, over the 2004-05 level.
- Medi-Cal spending currently constitutes about 15 percent of all General Fund expenditures, second only to K-12 education. If current trends continue without meaningful reform, Medi-Cal expenditures will grow to 21 percent (\$29 billion) of all General Fund expenditures in 10 years.
- Medi-Cal pays \$1 out of every \$6 spent on health care in California, enrolls one quarter of community health center and public hospital patients and accounts for two-thirds of revenues at California's public hospitals.
- Medi-Cal's average growth of 8.5 percent in the next 10 years will outpace a 6 percent growth rate for state revenues.

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- Twenty-five percent of beneficiaries account for 94 percent of all Medi-Cal costs.
- Seniors and individuals with disabilities account for only 23 percent of beneficiaries, but account for 57 percent of expenditures.
- The top 5 percent of enrollees incurred more than 60 percent of all Medi-Cal costs. Virtually all enrollees in the top fifth cost percentile are adults.
- In 2004, California moved from 51<sup>st</sup> to 28<sup>th</sup> in the nation in the amount of federal Medicaid funding received on a per enrollee basis.
- Hospital care accounts for 29 percent of all Medi-Cal expenditures.
- Medi-Cal accounts for 64 percent of net revenues at public hospitals.

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